

## What is Maple?

It's like a calculator...

 $1 + 2;$ 

3

**(1)**

It's like a very powerful calculator...

1000!

[illegible]

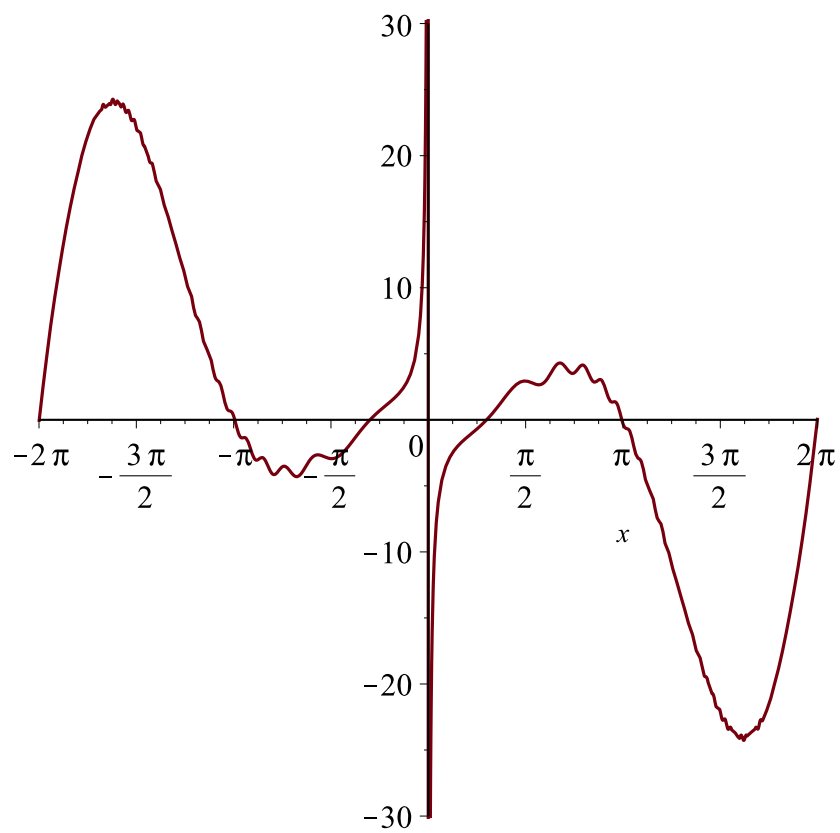
**(2)**

[illegible]

3.141592654

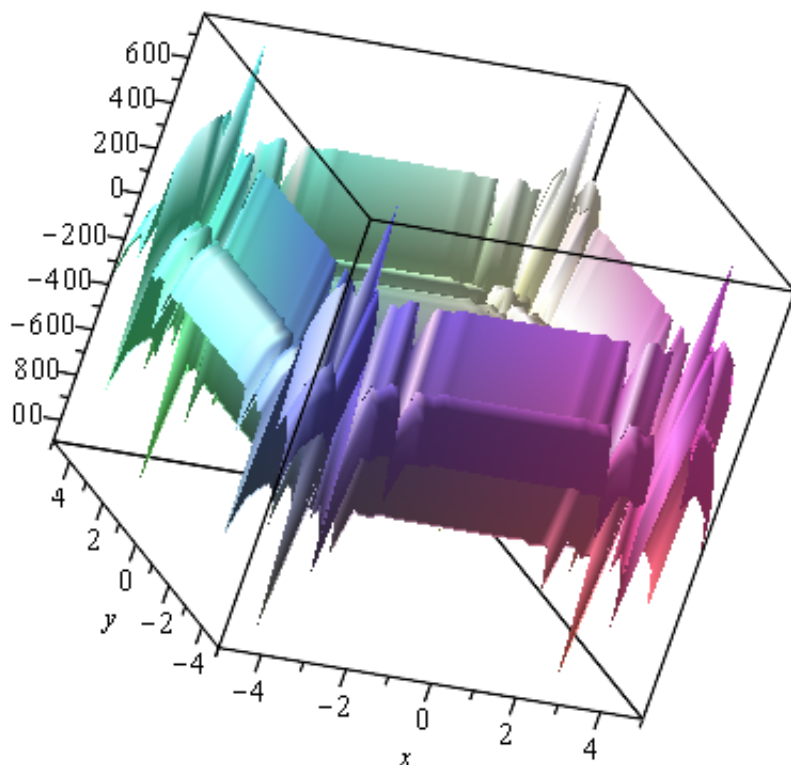
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It's also like a graphing calculator... $plot\left(\sin(x) \cdot x^2 - \frac{\cos(x^3)}{x}\right);$



That can also work in 3-dimensions...

`plot3d( $\frac{x^2}{\sin(x^2)} + \frac{y^2}{\sin(y^2)}$ , x=-5..5, y=-5..5);`



It can do algebra...

$\text{solve}(x^2 - x - 1);$

$$\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{5} + \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{5} \quad (6)$$

$\text{solve}(a \cdot x^2 + b \cdot x + c, x);$

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{-b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{a}, -\frac{1}{2} \frac{b + \sqrt{-4ac + b^2}}{a} \quad (7)$$

It can do calculus...

$\frac{d}{dx}(x^2);$

$$2x \quad (8)$$

$\frac{d}{dx}((3 \cdot x^2 \cdot \sin(x))^2 \cdot e^x - x^3);$

$$36x^3 \sin(x)^2 e^x + 18x^4 \sin(x) e^x \cos(x) + 9x^4 \sin(x)^2 e^x \ln(e) - 3x^2 \quad (9)$$

It can work with vectors and matrices

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 9 & 10 \\ 11 & 12 \\ 13 & 14 \\ 15 & 16 \end{bmatrix};$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 130 & 140 \\ 322 & 348 \end{bmatrix} \quad (10)$$

It can do sums...

$$\sum_{i=0}^n i;$$

$$\frac{1}{2} (n+1)^2 - \frac{1}{2} n - \frac{1}{2} \quad (11)$$

$$\text{simplify}\left(\frac{1}{2} (n+1)^2 - \frac{1}{2} n - \frac{1}{2}\right);$$

$$\frac{1}{2} n^2 + \frac{1}{2} n \quad (12)$$

Even infinite ones...

$$\sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{i^2};$$

$$\frac{1}{6} \pi^2 \quad (13)$$

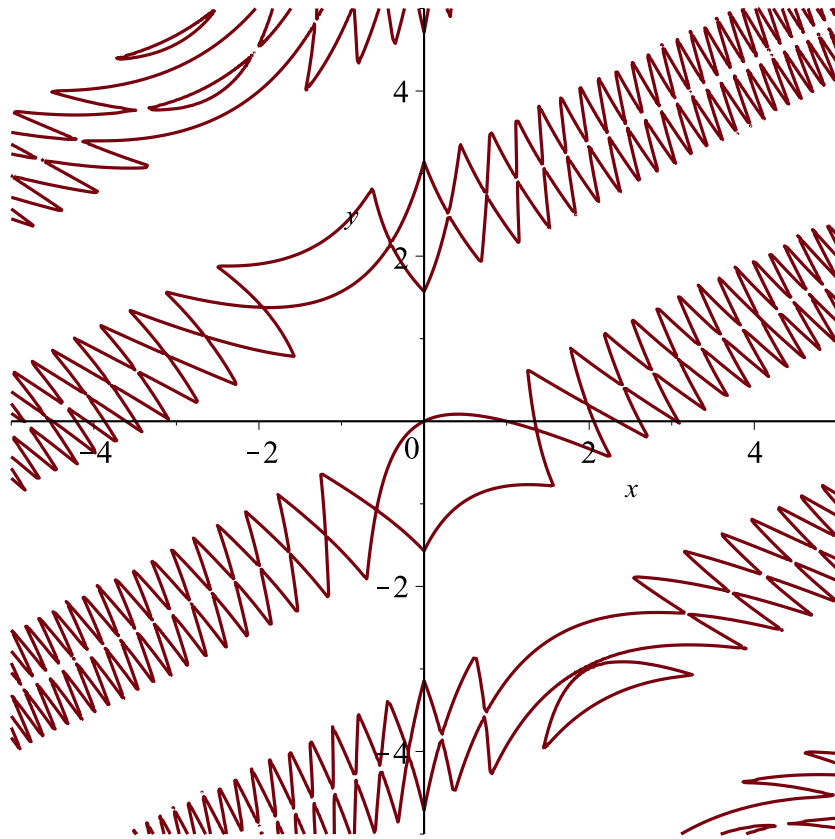
With Maple 'packages' you can do even more...

*with(plots);*

*[animate, animate3d, animatecurve, arrow, changecoords, complexplot, complexplot3d, conformal, conformal3d, contourplot, contourplot3d, coordplot, coordplot3d, densityplot, display, dualaxisplot, fieldplot, fieldplot3d, gradplot, gradplot3d, implicitplot, implicitplot3d, inequal, interactive, interactiveparams, intersectplot, listcontplot, listcontplot3d, listdensityplot, listplot, listplot3d, loglogplot, logplot, matrixplot, multiple, odeplot, pareto, plotcompare, pointplot, pointplot3d, polarplot, polygonplot, polygonplot3d, polyhedra\_supported, polyhedraplot, rootlocus, semilogplot, setcolors, setoptions, setoptions3d, spacecurve, sparsematrixplot, surfdata, textplot, textplot3d, tubeplot]*

*implicitplot([|sin(x<sup>2</sup> + 2·x·y)| = sin(x - 2·y)], x = -5 .. 5, y = -5 .. 5, numpoints = 100000);*

(14)



When not sure about a function, use '?' to call Maple Help

*?animate*

*animate*( $t \cdot x \cdot \sin(3 \cdot t \cdot x^2 - t^2 \cdot x + t^3)$ ,  $x = -2 \cdot \pi .. 2 \cdot \pi$ ,  $t = 0 .. 4$ , *numpoints* = 5000);

